

## Quarter Exam Review:

Exam  
Tuesday,  
10/18

- 1-D motion:

- Graphing

- Falling objects  $a_y = a_g = 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$

- Equations:

$$\bar{v} = \frac{\Delta \bar{x}}{\Delta t}$$

$$\bar{a} = \frac{\Delta \bar{v}}{\Delta t}$$

kinematics  
eqns.

$$\Delta x = v_{ix}t + \frac{1}{2}a_xt^2$$

$$v_{fx}^2 = v_{ix}^2 + 2a_x\Delta x$$

$$v_{fx} = v_{ix} + a_xt$$

for y-direction, substitute  
y's for x's

- 2-D motion  $\rightarrow$  projectile motion

- Use kinematics equations in both directions

- Conditions:

- No acceleration in the x-direction

- Object is in free-fall

- Forces

- Newton's laws

- Types of forces

- Problem types

- Equations:

$$\sum \vec{F} = m\vec{a}$$

$$F_f = \mu F_N$$

- Free-body diagrams

- Momentum

- Impulse-momentum theorem

- Conservation of momentum

- Collisions

- Perfectly elastic

- perfectly inelastic

- Equations:

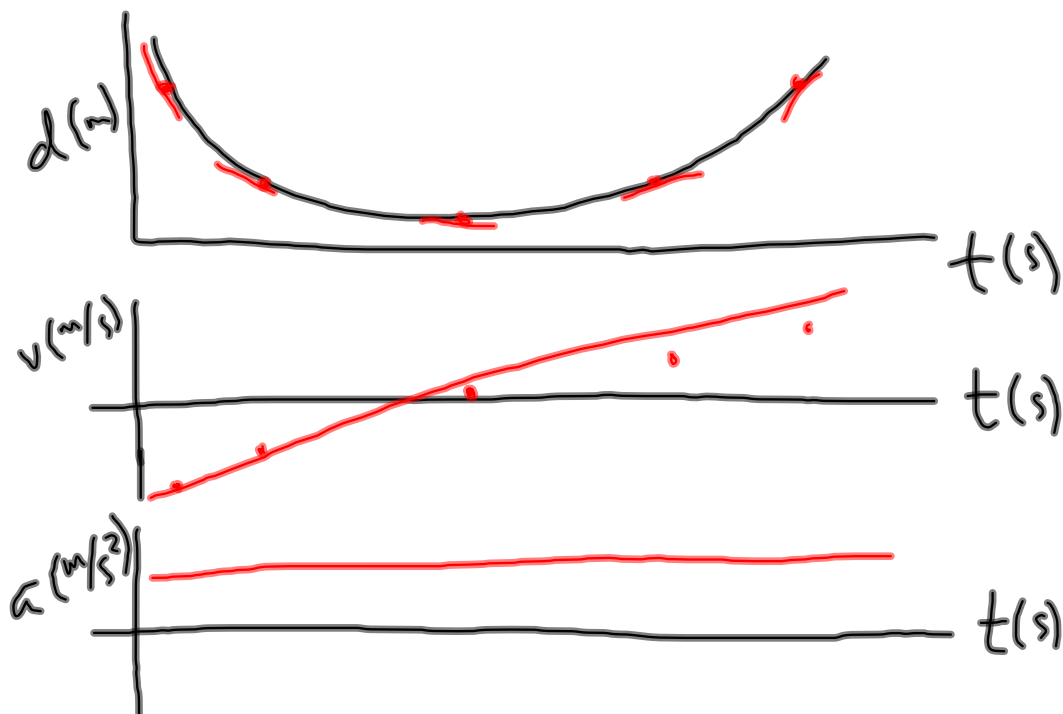
$$\vec{F}\Delta t = m\Delta\vec{v}$$

$$m_1\vec{v}_{1i} + m_2\vec{v}_{2i} = m_1\vec{v}_{1f} + m_2\vec{v}_{2f}$$

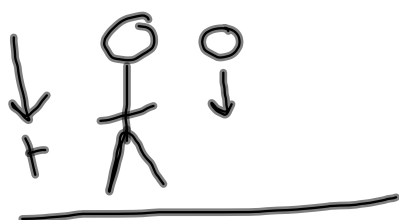
$$(m_1 + m_2)\vec{v}_i = m_1\vec{v}_{1f} + m_2\vec{v}_{2f}$$

$$m_1\vec{v}_{1i} + m_2\vec{v}_{2i} = (m_1 + m_2)\vec{v}_f$$

Change the following shape on the  $d \cdot v \cdot t$  graph into shapes on  $v \cdot v \cdot t$  and  $a \cdot v \cdot t$  graphs.



Jason drops a volleyball from 2.0 m above the floor. How long will it take before the ball hits the ground?



$$V_i = 0 \text{ m/s} \quad a_g = 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$V_f = ? \quad t = ?$$

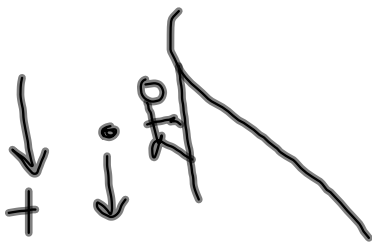
$$\Delta y = 2.0 \text{ m}$$

$$\Delta y = V_{iy} t + \frac{1}{2} a_g t^2$$

$$t = \sqrt{\frac{2\Delta y}{a_g}}$$

$$= 0.64 \text{ s}$$

A small first-aid kit is dropped by a rock climber who is descending steadily at 1.3 m/s. After 2.5 s, what is the velocity of the first-aid kit, and how far is the kit below the climber if the climber comes to a stop just after he drops it?



$$V_i = 1.3 \text{ m/s} \quad \Delta y = ?$$

$$V_f = ?$$

$$t = 2.5 \text{ s}$$

$$a_g = 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$a) \quad V_f = V_i + a_g t$$

$$= 1.3 \text{ m/s} + (9.8 \text{ m/s}^2)(2.5 \text{ s})$$

$$= 25.8 \text{ m/s}$$

$$b) \quad \Delta y = V_{iy} t + \frac{1}{2} a_g t^2$$

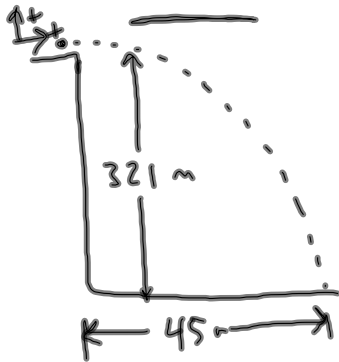
$$= (1.3 \text{ m/s})(2.5 \text{ s}) + \frac{1}{2} (9.8 \text{ m/s}^2)(2.5 \text{ s})^2$$

$$= 33.9 \text{ m}$$

## Quarter Exam Notes and Practice Problems 4th Block 10.14.11

The Royal Gorge Bridge in Colorado rises 321 m above the Arkansas River. Suppose you kick a rock horizontally off the bridge. The magnitude of the rock's horizontal displacement is 45.0 m.

- a) Find the speed at which the rock was kicked.  
b) Find the final velocity the rock has just before it hits the ground.



$$\Delta x = 45 \text{ m} \quad v_{fx} = ?$$

$$\Delta y = -321 \text{ m} \quad v_{fy} = ?$$

$$v_{ix} = ? \quad v_f = ?$$

$$v_{iy} = 0 \text{ m/s} \quad a_x = 0 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$t = ? \quad a_y = -9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$a) \quad \Delta y = v_{iy}t + \frac{1}{2}a_yt^2$$

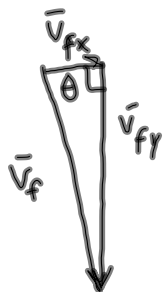
$$t = \sqrt{\frac{2\Delta y}{a_y}} = \sqrt{\frac{2(-321 \text{ m})}{(-9.8 \text{ m/s}^2)}} = 8.09 \text{ s}$$

$$\Delta x = v_{ix}t + \frac{1}{2}a_xt^2$$

$$v_{ix} = \frac{\Delta x}{t} = \frac{45 \text{ m}}{8.09 \text{ s}} = 5.56 \text{ m/s}$$

$$b) \quad v_{fx} = v_{ix} = 5.56 \text{ m/s}$$

$$v_{fy} = v_{iy} + a_yt = (-9.8 \text{ m/s}^2)(8.09 \text{ s}) = -79.3 \text{ m/s}$$



$$v_f = \sqrt{v_{fx}^2 + v_{fy}^2} = 79.5 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\theta = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{v_{fy}}{v_{fx}}\right) = 86^\circ$$

$$\vec{v}_f = 79.5 \text{ m/s} @ 86^\circ \text{ S of E}$$